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	Journal - Office of Legislative Counsel Page Friday - 31 July 1970	<sup>2</sup> 25X1A
25X1	6. Called Contacting Senator Harry Byrd's	to office on
25X1A	the complaint concerning the awarding of a light tables. I emphasized that while we would be reporting on or managing agent for the procurement, we would be limiting our consuitability of the tables to our needs and not those of DIA's or oth found no problem with this approach, remarking that DIA had one part of the buy. In response to my question, he did not know if I formally replied to Senator Byrd's referral of 10 July. Looking forward to receiving copies of the papers we will be using Senator Byrd's office as he said that he knows General Bennett is	contract for ur action 25×1A omments on hers.
25X1	Robert Hull, Department of Sta connection with the Agency's retirement legislation proposal whi forwarded by the Office of Management and Budget to the Department. Hull said that the Department's comments on the transcovernment contributions proposal would be negative because the it to serve as a precedent for the Foreign Service retirement s discussed the merits of their position which appeared to be prim Mr. Les Bush, Director of Finance, was advised. See Memo fo	ch has been ment for asfer of ey don't want ystem. We arily subjective.
25X1	8. George Murphy, Joint Committee Staff, called to say that:	ee on Atomic
	b. Representative Catherine May had been very pand appreciative as a result of her lunch with the Director. Murphy wants an autographed picture of the Director.	r. irector.
25X1A	d. He wants a brief statement in layman's language the significance of the recent Soviet FOBs test.	je ou
• .	· ·	
25X1A	CC: ER O/DDCI Mr. Goodwin, Mr. Houston  CONTIDENTIAL	<b>V</b>
	DDI DDS DDS&T EA/DDP OPPB Item 5 - D/Pers	
	Item 6 - NPIC, Logistics Item 7 - Finance	

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# Reds' Missile Subs Confirmed On Station Off United States

By ORR KELLY Star Staff Weiter

The Sovict Union now has ballistic missile submarines patrolling off both United States coasts, the Joint Atomic Energy Committee said in a report released last night.

Although there have been persistent reports for some months that the Soviet Yankee Class submarines have been deployed near the United States, this was the first time a government panel has said specifically they are on station.

"In the case of ballistic missile submarines, the Soviets have assigned top priority to surpassing our U.S. Polaris fleet," the report said.

#### . Subs Given Priority

"They are concentrating on building nuclear-powered submarines similar to our Polaris types at a rate which will equal our flect of 41 by 1973 or 1974. A number of these submarines are completed and have begun operating at sea. We know they are patrolling in areas off the coast of the United States, presumably with each battery of 16 missiles targeted on our cities."

The committee report was released in connection with a transcript of the testimony of Vice Adm. Hyman G. Rickover on March 19 and 20. Rickover heads the nuclear propulsion program for the Navy and the Atomic Energy Commission.

Rickover said he was even more alarmed this year than he had been last year over the rate of Soviet submarine development compared to that of the United States.

The Soviets are now producing at least 12 nuclear-powered submarines a year and could produce 20 submarines a year with the current facilities and work force. Many more than this could be

produced on a round-the-clock schedule, hc said.

By contrast, the United States is planning to build two or three new submarines a year.

By the end of this year — or even by now — the Soviet Union may be ahead of the United States in production of nuclear-powered submarines.

#### Nuclear Carrier Urged

The committee recommended a higher priority be given to the construction of U.S. submarines and urged construction of another nuclear-powered aircraft carrier.

powered aircraft carrier.

Testimony before the committee, headed by Rep. Chet Holifield, D-Calif., also revealed that the Soviet Union recently made an effort to obtain one of the most advanced U.S. computers for use with its nuclear accelerator at Serpukhov.

Testimony indicated the Soviet Union asked American scientists to arrange for the computer to be sent to Russia in return for scientific information produced by the accelerator.

The joint committee blocked the transfer of the computer.

Although the computer apparently would have been used for scientific work, Rickover told the committee:

"Even if we furnished the Soviets a U.S. computer and could insure it was not used for defense purposes, having this powerful unit at Scrpukhov would probably free other computers of Soviet design for weapons use."

#### Others in Use

The computers of the same class are in use at 17 other locations outside the United States, including Switzerland, France, England, West Germany, Canada, Sweden, Italy and Australia.

facilities and work force. The Soviet approach appar-Many more than this could be ently was made in the fall of 1969 when Dr. Wolfgang Panofsky, director of the linear accelerator laboratory at Stanford University, visited Russia.

Panofsky is on vacation and could not be reached for comment on the testimony. Besides their rapid production rate on submarines, Rickover noted that the Sovicts apparently are developing a new long-range missile designed to be launched from a submarine.

Since the missile, known as the Sawfly, is too large to fit in a Yankee-class submarine, he expects the Soviets to develop a new class of submarines

The United States now has in the early design phase a new submarine designed to carry a long-range missile. But if the decision is made to build the new submarine, it would not become available in significant numbers until more than a decade from now.

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Accompanied the Director and Messrs.  Bruce Clarke and to a briefing of the House Armed Services CIA Subcommittee. (See Memorandum for the Record.)			
Hand-carried to Representative Gerald Ford a copy of Mr. Houston's classified memorandum of 10 July 1970 on the subject of the Douglas impeachment resolutions. I told him that the Director had absolutely no objection to his having the memorandum. Mr. Ford will return the memorandum to us when it has served his purpose.			
6. Hand-carried to George Murphy, on the staff of the Joint Committee on Atomic Energy, copies of NIE 4-70 for the information of the Joint Committee and the Senate Preparedness Subcommittee.  I briefed Murphy on recent information concerning Communist 25X1D China's nuclear weapons program.			
Appropriations Committee, and briefed him on recent intelligence information. (See Memorandum for the Record for details.)  I talked with Woodruff about a report prepared by Members of Congress for Peace Through Law. He said he did not think this document had been prepared by any of Senator Fulbright's people, but said that a number of knowledgeable staff people have been collecting information on this on Capitol Hill for some time. He said he personally had been contacted by Samuel H. Mallicoat, Administrative Assistant to Senator Mark Hatfield (R., Ore.). Mallicoat is a retired Navy captain.			
8. Ed Braswell, on the staff of the Senate Armed Services Committee, called about 5:30 p.m. and asked if someone from the Agency could brief Senator Stennis and himself tomorrow morning at 10:30 on the situation in Cambodia including types of troops now there.  After checking with the Director I advised Braswell that			

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would give the briefing.

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